Name:	

## **CHAPTER 17 OVERVIEW**

D. teenagers

DIRECTIONS: True/False Indicate whether the	statement is true or false.			
1. The basic strategy of the Confederac	1. The basic strategy of the Confederacy was to conduct a defensive war.			
2. The Union won a narrow victory at the	e Battle of Shiloh.			
3. When the Civil War began, many teel	nagers stayed home and did not serve in the military			
4. Sherman's March to the Sea ended in	n a defeat for the Union.			
5. The 54th Massachusetts regiment se Olustee.	rved with distinction at Fort Wagner and in the Battle of			
DIRECTIONS: Matching Match each item with the	he correct statement below.			
6. Union soldiers	A. casualties			
7. refusal to give in	B. Yankees			
8. people killed or wounded	C. Rebels			
9. Confederate soldiers	D. entrenched			
10. in a protected position	E. resistance			
"No terms except unconditional and the capture of Fort Donelson, Febru	immediate surrender can be accepted." —at ary 16, 1862			
11. This quotation provided a nickname f	or which Northern hero?			
A. Albert Sidney Johnson				
B. David Farragut				
C. George McClellan				
D. Ulysses S. Grant				
- ·	taking them from the enemy weakens him in n us." —Ulysses S. Grant, letter to Abraham			
12. In this excerpt from a letter written by referring?	General Grant to President Lincoln, to whom is Grant			
A. African Americans				
B. female spies				
C. Native Americans				

13. Because the war disrupted their supply of cotton, the South expected support from which two countries?
A. Britain and France
B. France and Canada
C. France and Spain
D. Spain and Mexico
14. Who convinced officials to let women work as nurses and recruited many women to serve as nurses during the Civil War?
A.Dorothea Dix
B.Frances Clayton
C.President Lincoln
D.Rose O'Neal Greenhow
15. Who or what was the Merrimack?
A. a battle near Bull Run in Northern Virginia
B. a damaged ship that was rebuilt and covered with iron by the Confederates
C. a victory for the Confederate forces in the East
D. a soldier who was killed in battle
16. Why did the Union want to control the Mississippi River and its tributaries?
A. The Union army lacked battle experience.
B. to increase enlistment
C. to capture Confederate ships
D. to prevent supplies from reaching the eastern Confederacy
17. Which of these cities was the capital of the Confederacy?
A, Baltimore, Maryland
B. Washington, D.C.
C. Spotsylvania, Virginia
D. Richmond, Virginia
18. The leadership of which two generals was a key factor in the Confederates' military success in the East?
A. Ambrose Burnside and Joseph Hooker
B. George McClellan and George Meade
C. Ambrose Burnside and Ulysses S. Grant

D. Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson

DIRECTIONS: Short Answer: Answer each of the following questions.
"In the time I am writing, every stalk of corn in [cornfields to the north] was cut as closely as could have been done with a knife, and the slain lay in rows precisely as they had stood in their ranks a few minutes before."—a Union officer
20. Which battle, that resulted in the single deadliest day of the Civil War, is being described in this excerpt?
"It had suddenly appeared to him that perhaps in a battle he might run. He was forced to admit that as far as war was concerned he knew nothing of himself A little panic-fear grew in his mind. As his imagination went forward to a fight, he saw hideous possibilities."—Stephen Crane, The Red Badge of Courage
21. In this excerpt from The Red Badge of Courage, what tells you that the character is afraid?
22. Why was the border state of Maryland vital to the Union?
23. What was the claim to fame of the 54th Massachusetts regiment?

DIRECTIONS: Essay Answer the following question below using no less than 5 complete, well-written sentences.
24. Why was President Lincoln reluctant at first to emancipate enslaved African Americans? Why did he decide to issue the Emancipation Proclamation?